

## Business Immigration & Compliance / Labor & Employment

**JUNE 2012** 

ALBANY

**AMSTERDAM** 

**ATLANTA** 

AUSTIN

BOSTON

CHICAGO

DALLAS

**DELAWARE** 

DENVER

FORT LAUDERDALE

**HOUSTON** 

LAS VEGAS

LONDON\*

LOS ANGELES

**MEXICO CITY+** 

MIAMI

**NEW JERSEY** 

**NEW YORK** 

**ORANGE COUNTY** 

ORLANDO

PALM BEACH COUNTY

**PHILADELPHIA** 

PHOENIX

SACRAMENTO

SAN FRANCISCO

SHANGHAI

SILICON VALLEY

**TALLAHASSEE** 

TAMPA

TEL AVIV^

TYSONS CORNER

WARSAW~

WASHINGTON, D.C.

WHITE PLAINS

Strategic Alliances with Independent Law Firms\*\*

MILAN

**ROME** 

## U.S. Supreme Court Decision in Arizona SB 1070 Case Affirms Key Part of Arizona Law, Strikes Down Others

The U.S. Supreme Court rendered a decision in the Arizona SB 1070 case that affirmed a key part of Arizona's law and struck down others.

The Supreme Court has partially rejected the Obama administration's position that the federal government should be the sole enforcer of the nation's immigration laws. The court, in an opinion by Justice Anthony Kennedy, unanimously upheld the state law's most controversial provision that requires law enforcement/police officers to check the immigration status of people they stop. Specifically, the court validated Section 2(B) requiring state and local police officers to attempt to determine the immigration status of any person stopped under state or local law if "reasonable suspicion" exists that the person is unlawfully present in the United States.

As to other parts of the Arizona law, Justice Kennedy found that other challenged provisions went too far into the realm of federal jurisdiction. This includes a provision that makes it a crime for illegal immigrants to work and another that requires them to carry their immigration documents. Specifically, the court invalidated the following:

- Section 3 making it a crime under Arizona law for unauthorized immigrants to violate the provisions of federal law requiring them to apply for "registration" with the federal government and to carry a registration card if one has been issued to them;
- Section 5(C) making it a crime under Arizona law for immigrants who are not authorized to work in the United States to apply for work, solicit work in a public place, or perform work within the state's borders; and
- Section 6 authorizing state and local police officers to arrest immigrants without a warrant where "probable cause" exists that they committed a public offense making them removable from the United States.

Greenberg Traurig will continue to follow the implementation of this law, as well as potential challenges at the state level.



## Business Immigration & Compliance / Labor & Employment

**JUNE 2012** 

This GT Alert was prepared by Laura Reiff. Questions about this information can be directed to:

- Laura Reiff | 703.749.1300 / 202.331.3100 | reiffl@gtlaw.com
- Any member of Greenberg Traurig's Business Immigration & Compliance or Labor & Employment groups
- Or your Greenberg Traurig attorney

<b>Albany</b> 518.689.1400	<b>Delaware</b> 302.661.7000	Mexico City+ +52 55 5029.0000	Palm Beach County S. 561.955.7600	<b>Tallahassee</b> 850.222.6891
Amsterdam + 31 20 301 7300	<b>Denver</b> 303.572.6500	<b>Miami</b> 305.579.0500	Philadelphia 215.988.7800	<b>Tampa</b> 813.318.5700
<b>Atlanta</b> 678.553.2100	Fort Lauderdale	New Jersey	Phoenix	Tel Aviv^
	954.765.0500	973.360.7900	602.445.8000	+03.636.6000
Austin	Houston	New York	Sacramento	Tysons Corner
512.320.7200	713.374.3500	212.801.9200	916.442.1111	703.749.1300
Boston	Las Vegas	Orange County	San Francisco	Warsaw~
617.310.6000	702.792.3773	949.732.6500	415.655.1300	+48 22 690 6100
Chicago	London*	Orlando	Shanghai	Washington, D.C. 202.331.3100
312.456.8400	+44 (0)203 349 8700	407.420.1000	+86 21 6391 6633	
<b>Dallas</b> 214.665.3600	Los Angeles 310.586.7700	Palm Beach County N. 561.650.7900	Silicon Valley 650.328.8500	White Plains 914.286.2900

This Greenberg Traurig Alert is issued for informational purposes only and is not intended to be construed or used as general legal advice. Please contact the author(s) or your Greenberg Traurig contact if you have questions regarding the currency of this information. The hiring of a lawyer is an important decision. Before you decide, ask for written information about the lawyer's legal qualifications and experience. Greenberg Traurig is a service mark and trade name of Greenberg Traurig, LLP and Greenberg Traurig, P.A. ©2012 Greenberg Traurig, LLP. All rights reserved. \*Operates as Greenberg Traurig Maher LLP. \*\*Greenberg Traurig is not responsible for any legal or other services rendered by attorneys employed by the strategic alliance firms. +Greenberg Traurig's Mexico City office is operated by Greenberg Traurig, P.A. and Greenberg Traurig, P.A. and Greenberg Traurig, P.A. and Greenberg Traurig's Warsaw office is operated by Greenberg Traurig Grzesiak sp.k., an affiliate of Greenberg Traurig, P.A. and Greenberg Traurig, P.A. and Greenberg Traurig, P.A. and Greenberg Traurig, LLP. Certain partners in Greenberg Traurig Grzesiak sp.k. are also shareholders in Greenberg Traurig, P.A.